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**ABSTRACTS** 

Diagnosis of signs of death according to Naadi reading (pulse): a literature study

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Abstract

Siddha system has unique methods in diagnosis and prognosis of diseases and is mainly

based on the methods "Envagaithervugal". Among the Envagaithervugal Naadi is an

important diagnostic and prognostic indicator and was explained by sage Therayar as well as

eighteen Siddhars. Sage Therayar in his verse mentioned naadi only at the end of

Envagaithervugal as it is used to confirm the diagnosis of disease and death. As this method

is based on wisdom, the study aimed to conduct a literature survey on this method. Systemic

review was done using the Siddha literature and research articles. The pulse assessment was

done by feeling the naadi at wrist. If there is any imbalance in the normal proportion (1: 1/2:

1/4vatha. pitha, ayya respectively) of Uyirlhathukkal it is reflected through naadi. For

instance, Siddhars mentioned that death is sure when Ayya naadi independently doubles with

the reduction or disapperance of vatham and pitham. It is futile to treat a patient when his or

her Vatha and Pitha pulse have disappeared. If the three naadis are combined and felt as one

naadi simultaneously disappearing or the pulse felt like the fluttering of the cut tail of a

streaked lizard, the signs show the nearing of death. The Naadi reading method is a

convenient reliable and inexpensive method for diagnosis and prognosis of a disease which is

gained by experience. Validation of this method may have impact on public health

prospective.

**Keywords:** Envagaithervugal, Naadi, death sign, uyirthathukkal

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