## Phyllanthus niruri Linn grown in Sri Lanka: evaluation on phyto and physico-chemical properties of the whole plant

Perera HARP<sup>1</sup>, Karunagoda K<sup>2</sup>, Perera PK<sup>3</sup>, Samarasingha K<sup>4</sup>, Arawwawala LDAM<sup>4</sup>

<sup>1</sup>Department of Kaumarabhritya and Stree Roga, Gampaha Wickramarachchi Ayurveda Institute, University of Kelaniya, Yakkala, Sri Lanka.

<sup>2</sup>Department of Kaumarabhrithya, Prasuthi Tantra and Stree Roga (Ayurveda Pediatrics, Obstetrics and Gynecology), Institute of Indigenous Medicine, University of Colombo, Rajagiriya, Sri Lanka.

<sup>3</sup>Department of Dravyaguna Vignana (Ayurveda Pharmacology and Pharmaceutics), Institute of Indigenous Medicine, University of Colombo, Rajagiriya, Sri Lanka.

<sup>4</sup>Industrial Technology Institute, Bauddhaloka Mawatha, Colombo 7, Sri Lanka.

## Abstract

Phyllanthus niruri Linn is a small, erect annual herb belonging to the family of Euphobiaceae. It is widely distributed in Asia and used in the treatment of jaundice, asthma, hepatitis, diabetes, fever caused by malaria. Though it is commonly used in Ayurveda and traditional systems of medicine in Sri Lanka, very few scientific experiments have been carried out using P. niruri. Therefore, an attempt was made to evaluate phyto and physicochemical properties of P. niruri grown in Sri Lanka. According to the results, 7.7±0.2% of total ash, 3.4±0.1% of water soluble ash and 0.9±0.0% of acid insoluble ash were present in the whole plant of P. niruri. Phytochemical screening reveals the presence of tannins, flavonoids, steroid glycosides, coumarins, saponins and cardiac glycosides in both hot water and hot methanolic extracts of P. niruli. TLC fingerprint profile of the methanolic extract of P. niruri consists of 8 and 9 prominent spots at 254 nm and 366 nm respectively. Heavy metals such as Cd, Hg and As were not detected in the P. niruri grown in Sri Lanka. However, 0.5 mg/kg of Pb was detected in the plant. In conclusion, these physico and phytochemical properties of P. niruri grown in Sri Lanka can be used as a reference standard for quality control of P. niruri grown in Sri Lanka.

**Keywords:** *Phyllanthus niruri* Linn, phytochemical and physico-chemical parameters, fingerprint profiles, heavy metals

Corresponding E-mail: renupri76@yahoo.com