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Paper: Equity

Present status of coastal Veddahs in Wakare, Sri Lanka

The Coast Veddas or Vedar or Veda Vellalar are Tamilized indigenous Veddah people, who

have adopted a dialect of the Tamil language and some of the Tamil social customs, while some

original language and customs are still followed. In March 2010 Kunjalkalkulam, Thunaadi and

Madurankulam areas were visited and their livelihood was observed.

After the Tsunami struck in 2004, coastal Veddahs who lived in Batticaloa, Kalkuda,

Maankerny, Panichchankerni, Kadiraweli, Werugal were resettled in inland areas such as

Kirimichchiya, Kunjalkalkulam, Thunaadi, Kattamuvikulam, Aandankulam and Madurankulam.

These Tamil speaking, resettled Veddahs belong to three caste systems such as Singhawanniyan

Kudi, Ilasingha Wanniya and Warda Wellalam. They worship about 10 different gods and spirits.

Presently, they live in concrete houses in small land plots and utilize the resources of the

reservoirs and the surrounding dry forests. Fishing is done by men in the reservoir from August

till February by gill nets and the rest of the year, women are involved in angling in the reservoir.

From January to May fishing is done in Upaar Lagoon in Panichchankerny mainly for crabs and

prawns and their marketplace is in Walachchane. Fishing was also done with plant ichthyotoxics.

Karonkodiwel, Kukuru, Kalliya, Kokatiya and Kayan plants were used for fish stupefying. They

have their own names for freshwater fishes which were analogous of Tamil language. Spatial

transformation has caused them to start new survival techniques. Traditional knowledge and

practices related to the coastal environment could be soon obsolete and disappear. Hence, further

detailed investigations would be essential and timely in order to document their traditional

knowledge and practices.

**Keywords: Coastal Veddah, Fishing, Ichthyotoxics, Reservoirs** 

181