## A Review on *Raktapradara* (Menorrhagia) based on Ayurveda texts

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## **Abstract**

According to Ayurveda text Abnormal uterine bleeding is quite common compliant in women. It can be various types considering the menstrual cycle due to unbalance of doshas. These are classified by asrgdra, Arthawakshaya, anarthawaya. According to the modern medicine asrugdara is similar to menorrhagia which means regular menstruation but with excessive blood flow and duration. According to W.H.O. accommodation approximately 18 million women between ages 30 - 55 years are suffering from menorrhagia. Some of classical symptoms of asragdara are prolonged flow of menstrual bleeding, irregular menstrual bleeding, clots with menstrual bleeding and inter menstrual bleeding. asrugdara is classified under four groups vāta, pitta, kapha, sannipataja. raktoyoni or asrugdara is having similar clinical features of vitiated pitta and vāta. Menstrual bleeding is the main symptom which creates major clinical problems. This literature study was carried out to collect and analyze the causes of raktapradara. At the end of the study Ayurveda formulae which have been specially recommended for raktapradara were collected from Caraka, Susrutha, Vagbata, Madawanidana, Bhawapaksha and Yogarathnakara. Correct food patterns viharana and panchakarma have become the world famous and heart of Ayurveda. susruta samhita has mentioned some suitable thaila vasti and formulas for pradara. It was concluded that both Ayurveda and traditional medical systems contain a number of treatments under the name of raktapradara.

Keywords: Raktapradara, Menorrhagia

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